

Instruction manual FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

Recombinant Human Glial Cell line-derived Neurotrophic Factor Receptor alpha 2 Protein

Cat.NO.: TP04611

3th Edition

Synonyms:GDNF Family Receptor Alpha-2; GDNF Receptor Alpha-2; GDNFR-Alpha-2; GFR-Alpha-2; GDNF Receptor Beta; GDNFR-Beta; Neurturin Receptor Alpha; NRTNR-Alpha; NTNR-Alpha; RET Ligand 2; TGF-Beta-Related Neurotrophic Factor Receptor 2; GFRA2; GDNFRB; RETL2; TRNR2

Description:Members of the glial cell line-derived neurotrophic factor (GDNF) family, including GDNF and Neurturin, play key roles in the control of vertebrate neuronal survivial and differentiation. GDNF is a glycosylated, disulfide-bonded homodimer that is distantly related to the TGF superfamily of growth factors. Three receptors for these factors, GFR?-1, GFR?-2, and GFR?-3 have been identified. The receptors do not contain transmembrane domains and are attached to the cell membrane by glycosyl-phosphoinositol linkage. Both GFR?-1 and GFR?-2 have been shown to mediate the GDNF-dependent and Neurturin-dependent phosphorylation and activation of the tyrosine kinase Ret. GFR-3 is expressed only during development. GFR?-2 binds Neurturin and mediates activation of RET receptor tyrosine kinase by both Neurturin and GDNF.

Form:PBS

Molecular Weight: 47.8 kDa

Sequences: Ser22-Ser441

Purity:> 95% by HPLC

Concentration:

Endotoxin Level:<1.0 EU per 1 ug of protein (determined by LAL method)

Storage:Can be stored at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or -70°C. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing cycles.

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